## **AMENDMENTS IN THE CLAIMS:**

Please amend claims 1, 6, and 11, and add new claim 12, as follows.

1. (Currently Amended) A communication method-in a Code Division

Multiple Access radio system using a transmission power control based on a Signal

Interference Ratio measurement, the method comprising:

communicating between at least two transceivers of a radio system using a packet switched connection through a radio interface;

measuring a quality of the packet switched connection;
adjusting a target Signal Interference Ratio based on the quality measured;
transmitting, from a transceiver receiving packets, a request to retransmit at least one packet having a failed reception;

retransmitting, from a transceiver transmitting packets, at least one retransmission packet requested as a response to the request; and

controlling a transmission power by setting a lower target SIR-Signal Interference

Ratio for retransmission of a retransmission packet than the target Signal Interference

Ratio for a first transmission of a corresponding packet.

2. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising:

defining a specific target Signal Interference Ratio for at least one retransmission of the retransmission packet.

- 3. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising:
  setting a lower target Signal Interference Ratio for a dedicated control channel
  between transmissions of packets than during transmissions of the packets.
- 4. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising:

  transmitting, from the transceiver receiving packets, a transmission strength at which to retransmit the at least the one packet having the failed reception.
  - (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising:
     setting the lower target Signal Interference Ratio according the algorithm:
     Target\_SIR(N<sup>th</sup>) = Target\_SIR(master) Step(N<sup>th</sup>)[dB],

where Target\_SIR( $N^{th}$ ) denotes the SIR of an  $N^{th}$  retransmission of a packet, Target\_SIR(master) denotes the target SIR of the first transmission of a packet, Step( $N^{th}$ ) denotes an amount by which to decrease the transmission power of the retransmission, and N is an ordinal number denoting an index of retransmission.

6. (Currently Amended) A communication arrangement—in a Code Division

Multiple Access radio system using a transmission power control based on a Signal

Interference Ratio—measurement, the arrangement comprising:

at least two transceivers of the radio system for communicating configured to communicate with a packet switched connection through a radio interface;

a measuring mechanism for measuring configured to measure a quality of the packet switched connection;

an adjusting mechanism for adjusting configured to adjust a target Signal Interference Ratio based on the quality measured;

a transceiver <u>configured to receive receiving</u> packets <u>and to transmit</u> <u>for</u> transmitting a request to retransmit when there is a failure to receive at least one packet;

a transceiver transmitting configured to transmit packets for retransmitting and configured to retransmit at least one retransmission packet requested as a response to the request; and

a controller for setting configured to set a lower target Signal Interference Ratio for retransmission of a packet than the target Signal Interference Ratio for a first transmission of the corresponding packet.

- 7. (Original) The arrangement of claim 6, where in the arrangement is configured to define a specific target Signal Interference Ratio for at least one retransmission of the retransmission packet.
- 8. (Original) The arrangement of claim 6, where in the controller is configured to set a lower target Signal Interference Ratio for a dedicated control channel between transmissions of packets than during the transmission of the packets.
- 9. (Original) The arrangement of claim 6, where in the transceiver receiving the packets is configured to transmit a transmission strength at which to retransmit at least the one packet having a failed reception.
- 10. (Original) The arrangement of claim 6, wherein the controller is configured to set the lower target Signal Interference Ratio according to the algorithm:

 $Target\_SIR(N^{th}) = Target\_SIR(master) - Step(N^{th})[dB],$  where  $Target\_SIR(N^{th}) \text{ denotes the SIR of an } N^{th} \text{ retransmission of a packet},$   $Target\_SIR(master) \text{ denotes the target SIR of the first transmission of a packet}, Step(N^{th}) \text{ denotes an amount by which to decrease the transmission power of the retransmission,}$  and N is an ordinal number denoting an index of retransmission.}

11. (Currently Amended) A communication arrangement in a Code Division

Multiple Access radio system using a transmission power control based on a Signal

Interference Ratio measurement, the arrangement comprising:

communicating means for e9ommunicating communicating between at least two transceivers of a radio system using a packet switched connection through a radio interface;

measuring means for measuring a quality of the packet switched connection; adjusting means for adjusting a target Signal Interference Ratio based on the quality measured;

transmitting means for transmitting, from a transceiver receiving packets, a request to retransmit at least one packet having a failed reception;

retransmitting means for retransmitting, from a transceiver transmitting packets, at least one retransmission packet requested as a response to the request; and controlling means for controlling a transmission power by setting a lower target Signal Interference Ratio for retransmission of a retransmission packet than the target Signal Interference Ratio for a first transmission of a corresponding packet.

12. (New) A radio network controller in a CDMA radio system for communication with a packet switched connection through a radio interface, the radio system having a request for retransmission and a retransmission as a response to the

request in the case of failure in reception of at least one packet, the radio network controller being configured to:

receive a measured quality of the packet switched connection, and to adjust a target SIR based on a measured quality of the connection; and

set a lower target SIR for retransmission of a packet than the target SIR for the first transmission of the corresponding packet.